

Claims

Claim 1: (currently amended) A method of reinforcing at least a portion of a structure of an automobile frame during initial assembly, the method comprising:

~~providing a structure~~

supporting a flexible barrier member along a portion of an automobile frame ~~the structure~~ during the initial assembly of the automobile for dividing the area of the structure into one or more sections; ~~and~~

filling one or more of the sections of the structure with a thermally activated expandable polymeric reinforcement material, wherein the flexible barrier member retains the reinforcement material in a desired location of reinforcement within the automobile frame ~~and wherein the reinforcement material substantial assist in increasing the strength and stiffness of the structure;~~ ~~and~~

exposing the reinforcement material to a temperature ranging from approximately 93° C to approximately 204° C for activating expansion of the reinforcement material, wherein the reinforcement material substantially assists in increasing the strength and stiffness of the automobile frame structure.

Claim 2: (Issued Claim) The method as defined in claim 1, wherein the flexible barrier member is a polymeric material.

Claim 3: (Issued Claim) The method as defined in claim 1, wherein the flexible barrier member is an inflatable membrane.

Claim 4: (Issued Claim) The method as defined in claim 1, wherein the flexible barrier member is fabricated of an adhesive material.

Claim 5: (Issued Claim) The method as defined in claim 3, wherein the inflatable membrane is inflated by filling the interior portion thereof with a reinforcement material.

Claim 6: (Issued Claim) The method as defined in claim 5, wherein the inflatable membrane is inflated by filling the interior portion thereof with a pumpable substance.

Claim 7: (Issued Claim) The method as defined in claim 5, wherein the reinforcement material filling the flexible barrier member is a heat activated material.

Claim 8: (Issued Claim) The method as defined in claim 5, wherein the reinforcement material filling the flexible barrier member is cured by a change in ambient conditions.

Claim 9: (Issued Claim) The method as defined in claim 5, wherein the reinforcement material filling the flexible barrier member comprises a multiplicity of pellets.

Claim 10: (Issued Claim) The method as defined in claim 3, wherein the inflatable membrane is inflated by filling the interior portion thereof with a gas or liquid substance.

Claim 11: (Issued Claim) The method as defined in claim 1, wherein the reinforcement material filling one or more sections of the structure being reinforced is a pumpable material.

Claim 12: (Issued Claim) The method as defined in claim 1, wherein the reinforcement material filling one or more sections of the structure being reinforced is a polymeric material.

Claim 13: (Issued Claim) The method as defined in claim 1, wherein the reinforcement material filling one or more sections of the structure being reinforced is a heat activated material.

Claim 14: (Issued Claim) The method as defined in claim 1, wherein the reinforcement matter is a two component substance reactive at ambient conditions.

Claim 15: (Issued Claim) The method as defined in claim 1, wherein the reinforcement material filling one or more sections of the structure being reinforced is cured by a change in ambient conditions.

Claim 16: (Issued Claim) The method as defined in claim 1, wherein the reinforcement material filling one or more sections of the structure being reinforced is a multiplicity of pellets.

Claim 17: (Currently Amended) A method of reinforcing at least a portion of a hollow cavity of an automobile, the method comprising:

providing a structure defining a hollow cavity;

inserting a flexible barrier member within the cavity for dividing the cavity into one or more sections, the flexible member being inserted during initial assembly of the automobile; and

filling one or more sections of the cavity with a reinforcement material wherein the reinforcement material substantially assist in increasing the strength and stiffness of the structure; and

heating the structure to expand the reinforcement material to form a structural foam that adheres to adjacent surfaces.

Claim 18: (Currently Amended) A bladder system for reinforcing at least a portion of a structural member, comprising:

a flexible barrier member for dividing at least a portion of a structure to be reinforced into one or more sections; and

a heat activated reinforcement material for filling one or more sections bounded by the flexible barrier member, wherein the sections filled by the reinforcement material can be internal or external of the flexible barrier member and

wherein the reinforcement material substantially assists in increasing the strength and stiffness of the structure.

Claim 19: (Issued Claim) A bladder system, as defined in claim 18, wherein the structure being reinforced is a portion of an automobile frame.

Claim 20: (Issued Claim) The bladder system as defined in claim 18, wherein the reinforcement material filling one or more sections of the longitudinal structure is a pumpable material.

Claim 21: (Issued Claim) The bladder system as defined in claim 18, wherein the flexible barrier member is a polymeric material.

Claim 22: (Currently Amended) A bladder system for reinforcing at least a portion of a structure having an open center, comprising:

a flexible barrier member for dividing a cavity into one or more sections, wherein the barrier member is fabricated of an adhesive material; and

a reinforcement material for filling one or more sections bounded by the flexible barrier member, wherein the reinforcement material substantially assists in increasing the strength and stiffness of the structure.

Claim 23: (New) The method of claim 1, wherein the flexible barrier includes perforations to allow a small portion of the reinforcement material to flow onto an exterior surface of the flexible barrier.

Claim 24: (New) The method of claim 1, wherein the flexible barrier comprises a structural adhesive.

Claim 25: (New) The method of claim 1, wherein the flexible barrier has an integrated neck portion.

Claim 26: (New) The method of claim 25, wherein the neck portion has an end portion for coupling the flexible barrier to a fluid pumping system for filling the interior of the flexible barrier.

Claim 27: (New) The method of claim 1, wherein the flexible barrier has end portions joined by a center portion.

Claim 28: (New) The method of claim 1, wherein the flexible barrier comprises two opposing movable end portions supported by a rod.

Claim 29: (New) The method of claim 1, further comprising securing the flexible barrier member in position by securing a neck portion of the flexible barrier member to an adjacent surface defining an opening in the frame structure with an adhesive.

Claim 30: (New) The method of claim 1, wherein the flexible barrier is coated with an adhesive material.

Claim 31: (New) The method of claim 1, wherein the flexible barrier includes an integrally formed neck as part of an end portion of the flexible barrier.

Claim 32: (New) The method of claim 31, wherein the neck portion extends directionally along the length of the frame.

Claim 33: (New) The method of claim 1, wherein, during the filling step, the thermally activated expandable polymeric reinforcement material is a liquid, and upon curing becomes a thermoset material.

Claim 34: (New) The method of claim 1, wherein, prior to curing, the thermally activated expandable polymeric reinforcement material is a pellet, and upon curing becomes a thermoset material.

Claim 35: (New) The method of claim 1, wherein the flexible barrier member includes two single flexible sheets spaced a distance apart.

Claim 36: (New) A method of reinforcing a portion of an automobile frame during initial assembly of an automobile, the method comprising:

- collapsing side walls of a flexible barrier;
- inserting the flexible barrier into a hollow center portion of an automobile frame during initial assembly of the automobile;
- inflating the flexible barrier; and
- introducing reinforcement material into the flexible barrier wherein the reinforcement material substantially assists in increasing the strength and stiffness of the automobile frame.

Claim 37: (New) The method of claim 36, wherein the reinforcement material is a thermally activated expandable polymeric reinforcement material and the method further comprises a step of curing the thermally activated expandable polymeric reinforcement material to form a structural foam.

Claim 38: (New) A method of reinforcing at least a portion of a hollow cavity, the method comprising:

- inserting a flexible barrier member within a cavity of a structure for dividing the cavity into one or more sections, the flexible member including two movable end portions supported by a rod; and
- filling one or more sections of the cavity with a pellet reinforcement material;

and

- curing the pellet reinforcement material to cause the movable end portions to slide along the rod in opposite directions, wherein the reinforcement material substantially assists in increasing the strength and stiffness of the structure.

Claim 39: (New) A method of reinforcing at least a portion of a hollow cavity, the method comprising:

inserting a flexible barrier member into a cavity of a structure from an open end of the structure

filling one or more sections of the cavity with a thermally activated expandable polymeric reinforcement material; and

activating the thermally activated expandable polymeric reinforcement material to fill the cavity, wherein the reinforcement material substantially assists in increasing the strength and stiffness of the structure.

Claim 40: (New) The method of claim 39, wherein the filling step includes pumping thermally activated expandable polymeric reinforcement material into a neck portion of the flexible member that extends in the longitudinal direction of the structure.

Claim 41: (New) The method of claim 40, further comprising inflating the flexible barrier member with a fluid under pressure.

Claim 42: (New) The method of claim 41, wherein the fluid under pressure is introduced through another neck portion of the flexible barrier.

Claim 43: (New) A method of reinforcing at least a portion of a hollow cavity, the method comprising:

inserting a flexible barrier member into a cavity of a structure, the flexible barrier member including two end portions joined together by a center portion and defining a volume between the end portions and about the center portion;

filling the volume with a thermally activated expandable polymeric reinforcement material; and

activating the thermally activated expandable polymeric reinforcement material to fill the volume with the reinforcement material, wherein the reinforcement material substantially assists in increasing the strength and stiffness of the structure.

Claim 44: (New) The method of claim 40, wherein the activating step includes exposing the reinforcement material to a temperature ranging from approximately 93° C to approximately 204° C for activating expansion of the reinforcement material and forming a structural foam, and wherein upon expansion the structural foam reinforcement material substantially assists in increasing the strength and stiffness of an automobile frame structure.